

Unit 29

Exercises

1. Fill in the blanks below. Start from the right and move across the page.

| Active Participle Masculine | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Plural - acc. & gen. | Plural - nom. | Singular | Root Word | Meaning |
| | | | خلق | ..... |
| | | | صبر | ..... |
| | | | عبد | ..... |
| | | | كفر | ..... |
| | | | ظلم | ..... |
| | | | صدق | ..... |

2. Underline the active participles below. Put in the missing vowels and signs in the Arabic.

- (a) ولا أنا عابدٌ ما عبدتم And I shall not be worshipping what you have worshipped. 109: 4
- (b) ولا أنتم عابدون ما أعبدُ And you shall not be worshipping what I worship. 109: 5
- (c) قالوا وجدنا آباءنا لها عابدين They said: We found our ancestors worshipping them. 21: 53
- (d) إنَّ في ذلك لآياتٍ للعالمين Indeed, in that are signs for those who know. 30: 22
- (e) غافر الذنب وقابل التوب The Forgiver of sin and the Acceptor of repentance. 40: 3
- (f) وأنت خير الغافرين And You are the Best of those who forgive. 7: 155
- (g) هو الذي خلقكم فمنكم كافر He is the One Who has created you and among you is a disbeliever. 64: 2
- (h) وهم بالآخرة كافرون And they are disbelievers in the Hereafter. 7: 45

3. Fill in the blanks below. Start from the right and move across the page.

| Active Participle Feminine | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Plural -acc. & gen. | Plural - nom. | Singular | Root Word | Meaning |
| | | | حَفَظَ | ...to protect..... |
| | | | ذَكَرَ | ..... |
| | | | صَدَقَ | ..... |
| | | | عَبَدَ | ..... |
| | | | قَنَتَ | ...to be devout... |

4. Fill in the blanks. Start from the right and move across the page.

| Passive Participle Feminine | | Passive Participle Masculine | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Fem. Singular | Root Word | Masc. Singular | Root Word |
| ..... | رفع | ..... | أكل |
| ..... | وضع | ..... | حفظ |
| ..... | قطع | ..... | علم |
| ..... | منع | ..... | ولد |

5. Underline the passive participles in the following. Read the notes below. Put in the missing vowels and signs in the Arabic.

- (a) فجعلهم كعصفٍ مأكول (a) So He made them as a field eaten up. 105: 5
- (b) بل هو قرآنٌ مجيدٌ ، في لوحٍ محفوظ (b) Indeed it is a glorious Qur'an, in a protected tablet. 85: 22
- (c) وجعلنا السماء سقفاً محفوظاً (c) And We have made the sky a protected canopy. 21: 32
- (d) فيها سررٌ مرفوعةٌ ، وأكوابٌ موضوعة (d) In it are thrones (of happiness) raised high, and goblets placed (ready). 88: 13-14
- (e) يا أيها الناس اتقوا ربكم (e) O people! Be conscious of your Sustainer
- (f) واخشوا يوماً لا يجزي والدٌ عن ولده (f) and fear a day on which no parent will be of any use to his child
- (g) ولا مولودٌ هو جاز عن والده شيئاً (g) and no child will be of use to his parent in the least. 31: 32
- (h) والسماء ذات البروج واليوم الموعود (h) By the sky full of constellations, and the promised day,
- (i) وشاهدٌ ومشهود (i) And One Who witnesses (all) and that which is witnessed. 85: 1-3

Notes for 4 above.

line (a): The attached letter كـ functions like an attached preposition, making the word it controls genitive.

line (f): The word والدٌ is an active participle and can mean both father and parent. The word ولدٌ can mean 'boy' or 'child'.

line (g): The word مولودٌ means 'that which is born' and is another word for 'child'.

line (h): The و at the beginning is called the 'waw al-qasam' or the waw of making an oath. It is here translated as 'By'. It is also translated as 'Consider'. The word controlled by the 'waw al-qasam' is genitive.

ذاتٌ is the feminine of ذوٌ which means 'possessing' here translated as 'full of'.

6. Copy verses 27 - 34 of Surah al-Waqi'ah. Underline the words which are passive participles. What are the root letters of each passive participle?

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